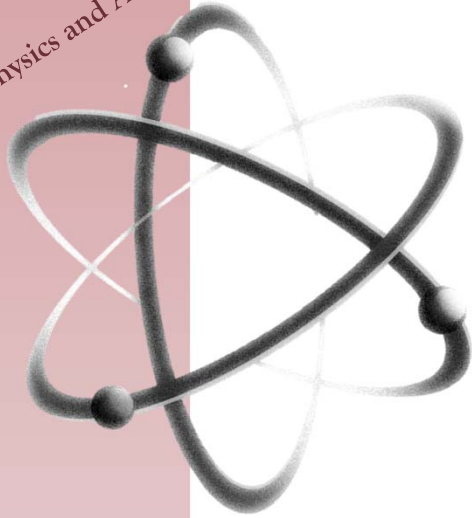


Department of Physics and Astronomy



University of South Carolina

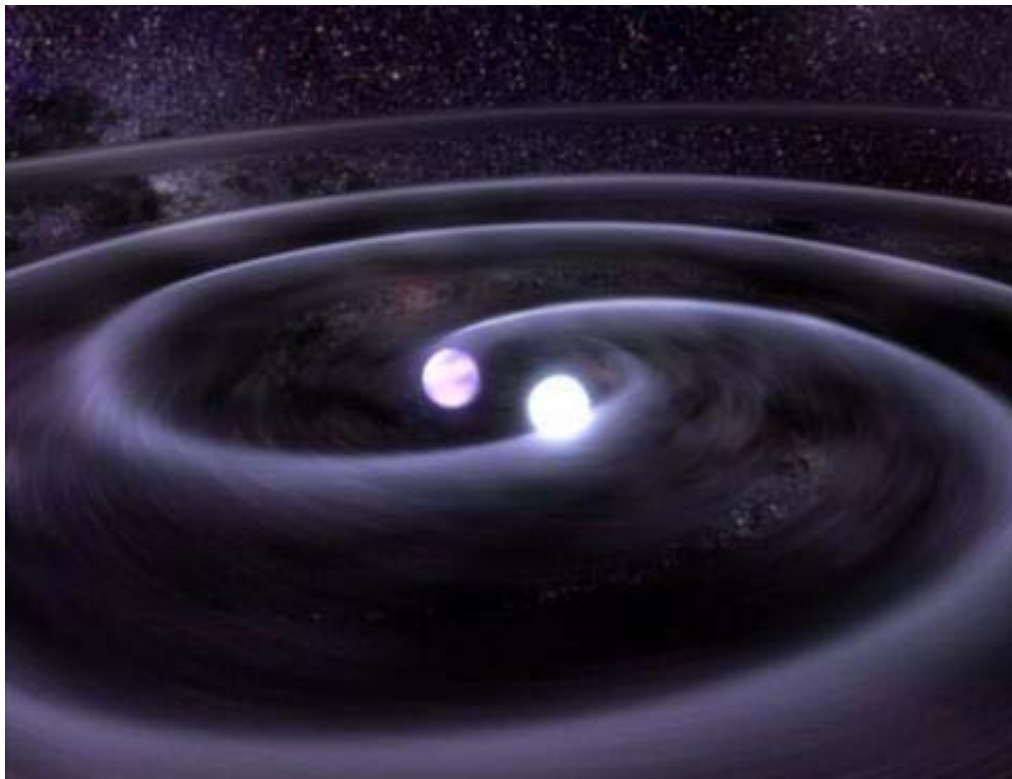
# Gravitational Waves

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Department of Physics and Astronomy



# What is the “Gravitational Waves”?



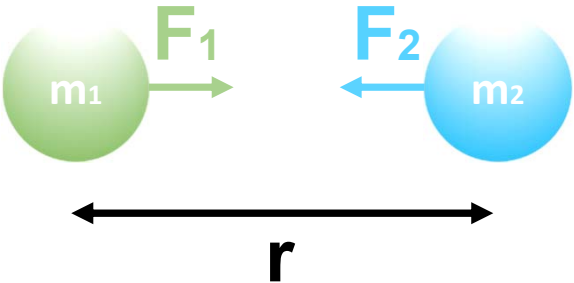
**The Nobel Prize in Physics 2017**

Gravitational waves are waves that are carried out at the speed of light by fluctuating curvature of the gravitational field in space-time by mass.



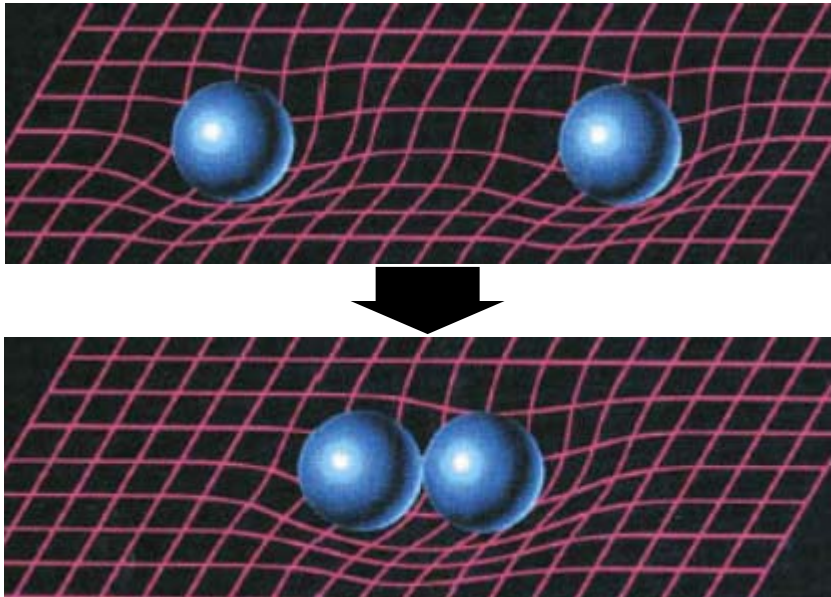
# Gravitation Force

Newton's gravitation force perspective



$$F_1 = F_2 = G \frac{m_1 \times m_2}{r^2}$$

Einstein's gravitation field perspective

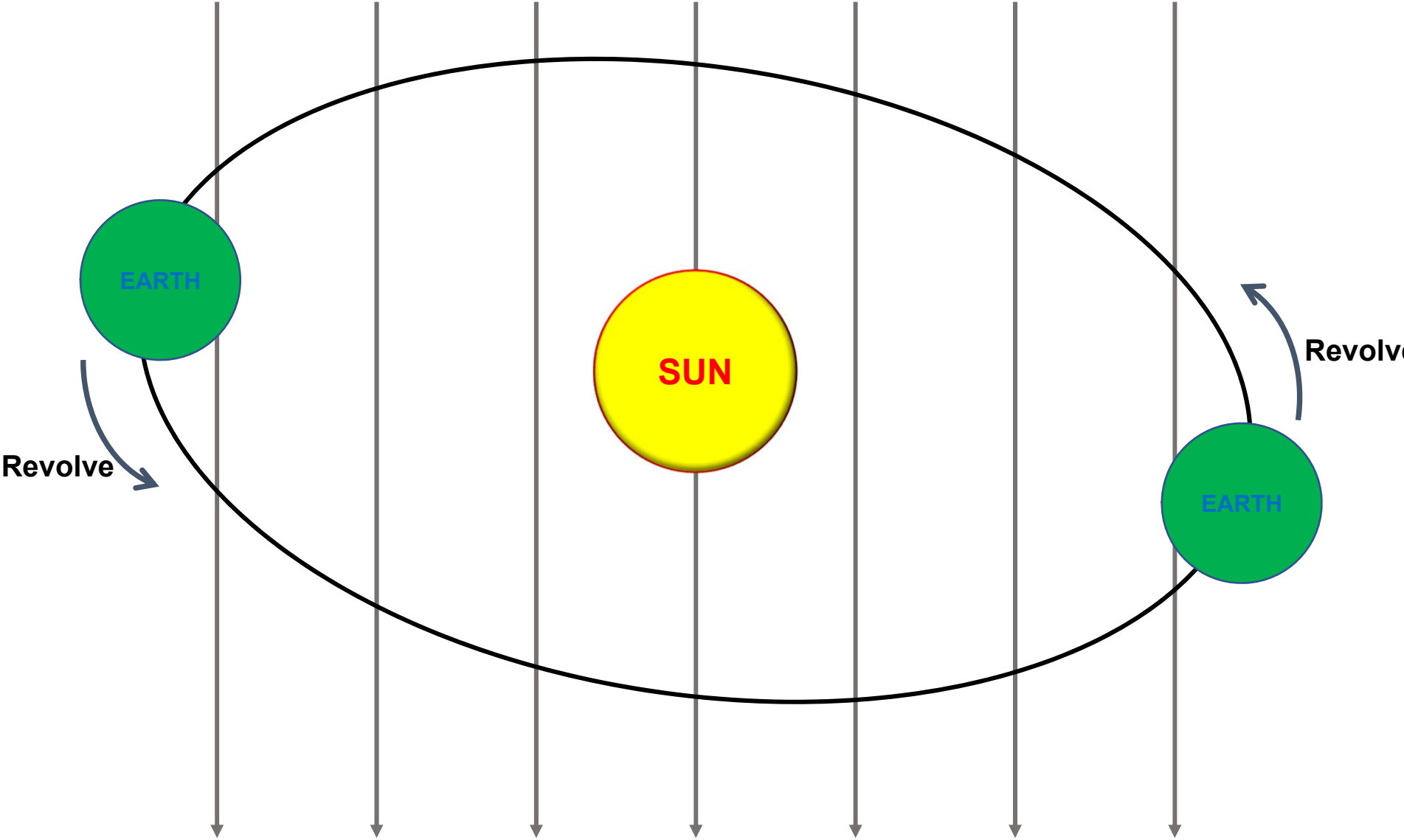


$$R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2} g_{\mu\nu} R = \frac{8\pi G}{c^4} T_{\mu\nu}$$



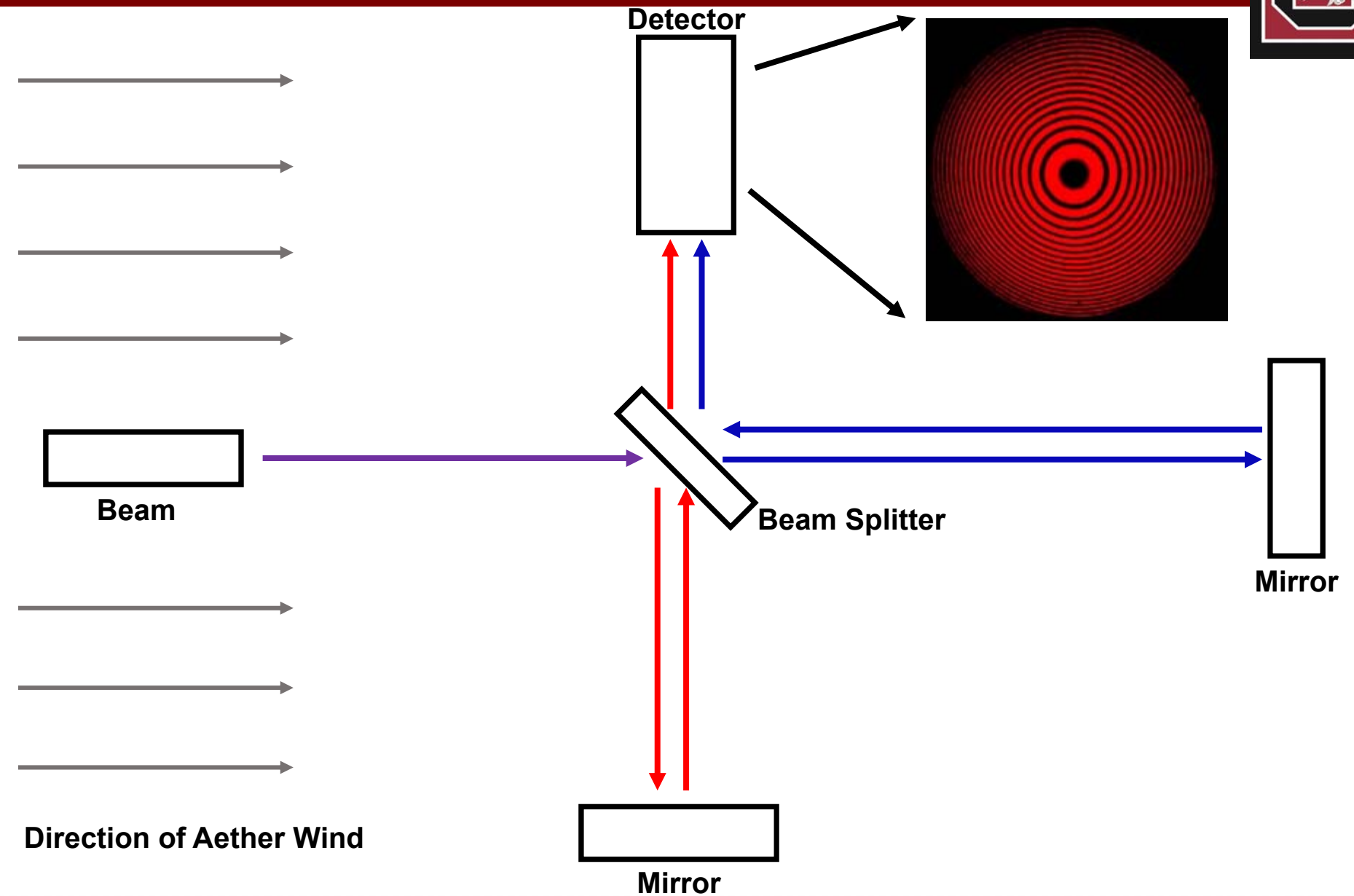
# Michelson Interferometer

Direction of Aether Wind



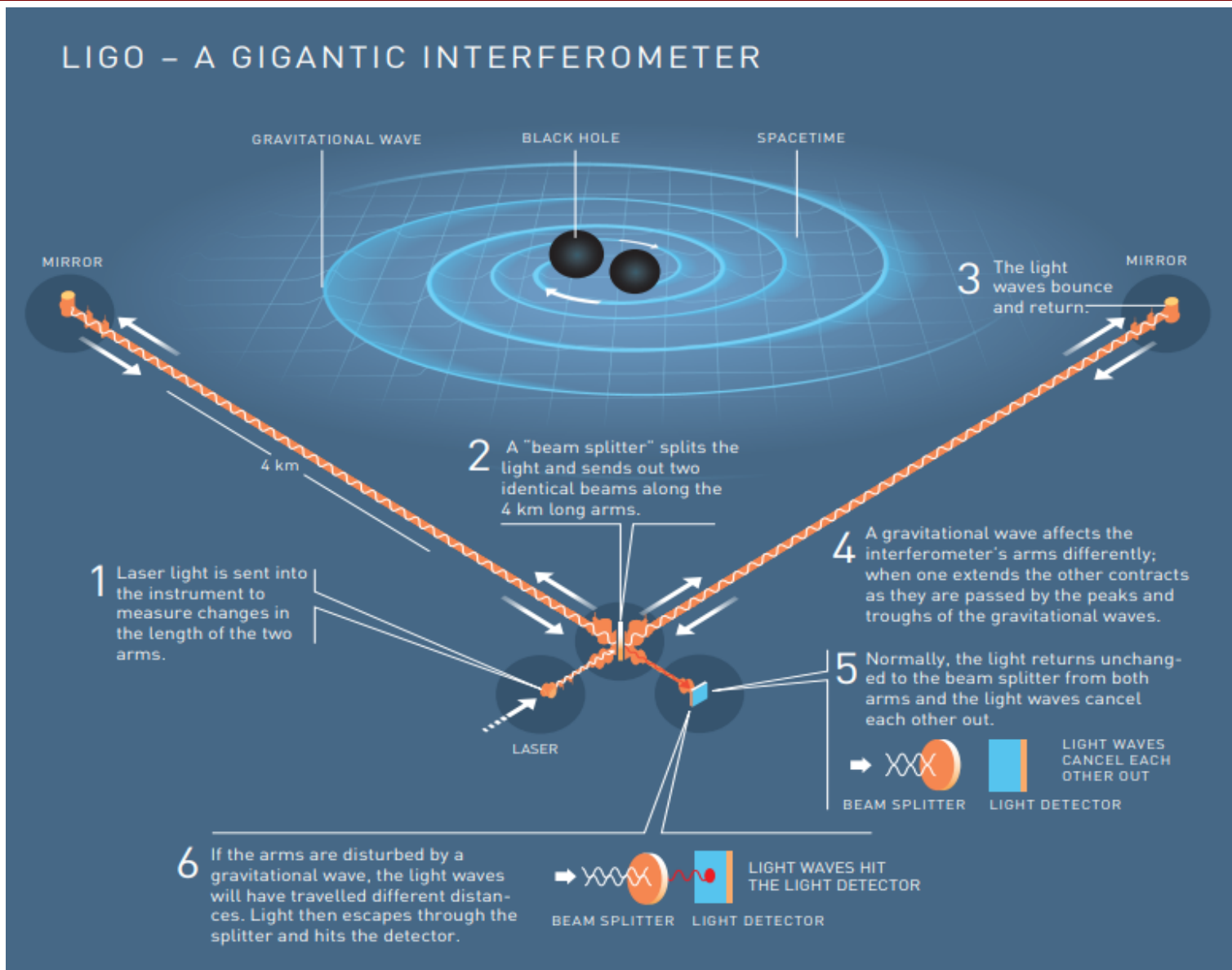


# Michelson Interferometer



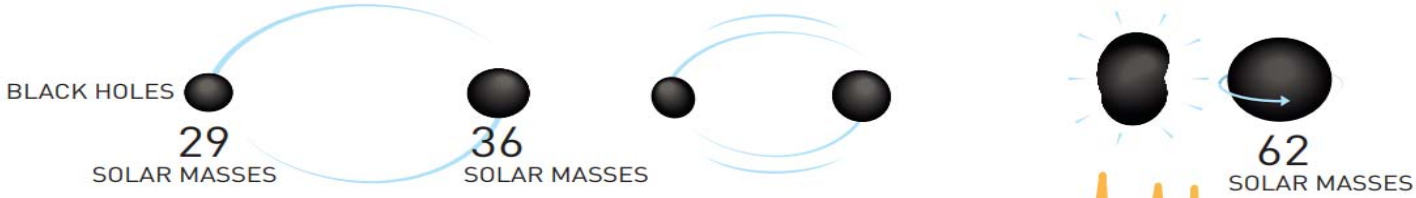


# LIGO Experiment

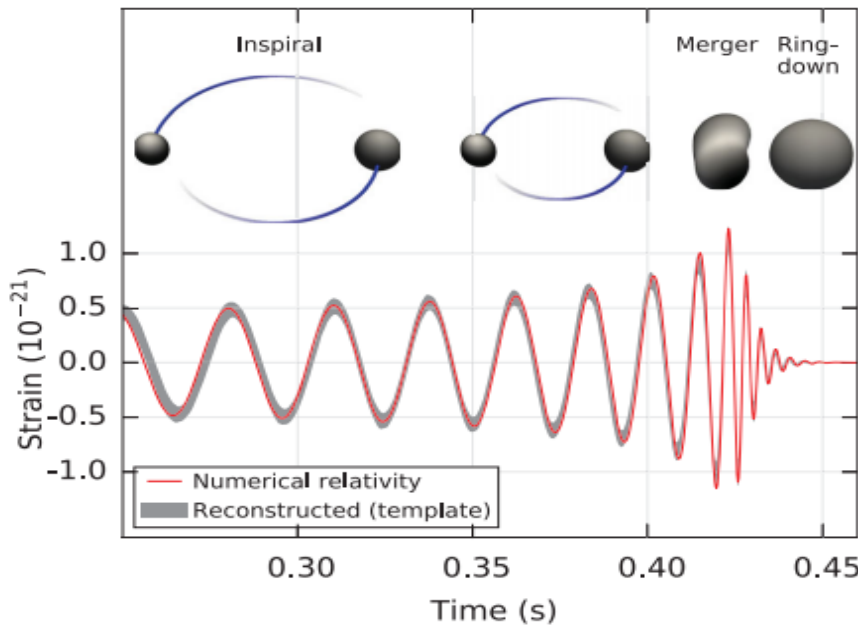




# LIGO Experiment



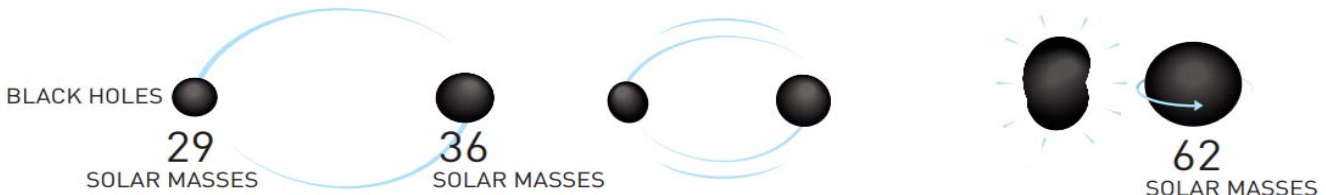
COSMIC CHIRPS  
Energy equivalent to three solar masses was emitted over a few tenths of a second.



## Result of evidence of gravitational waves

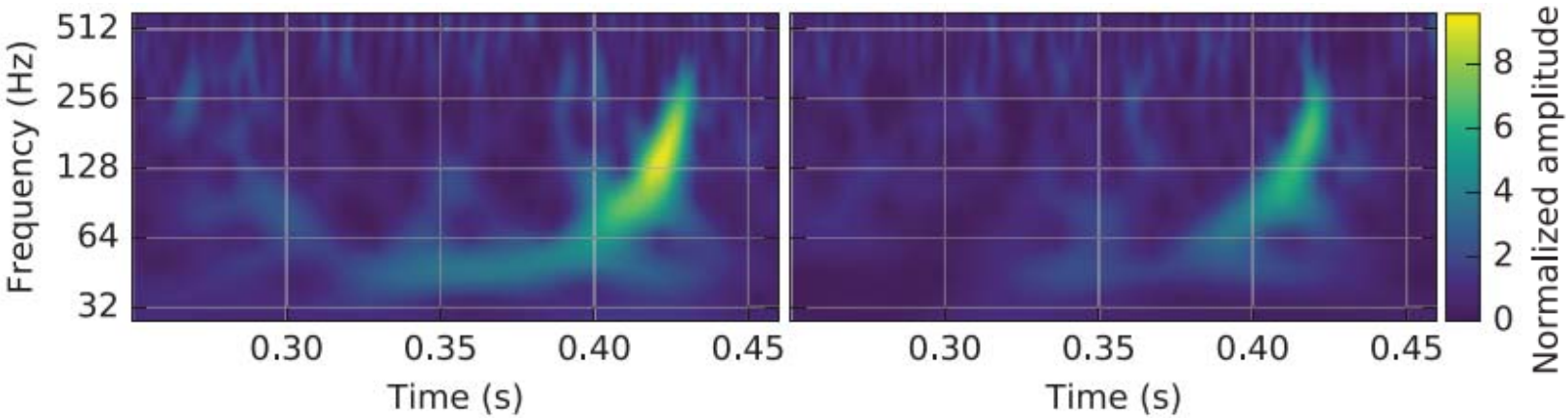
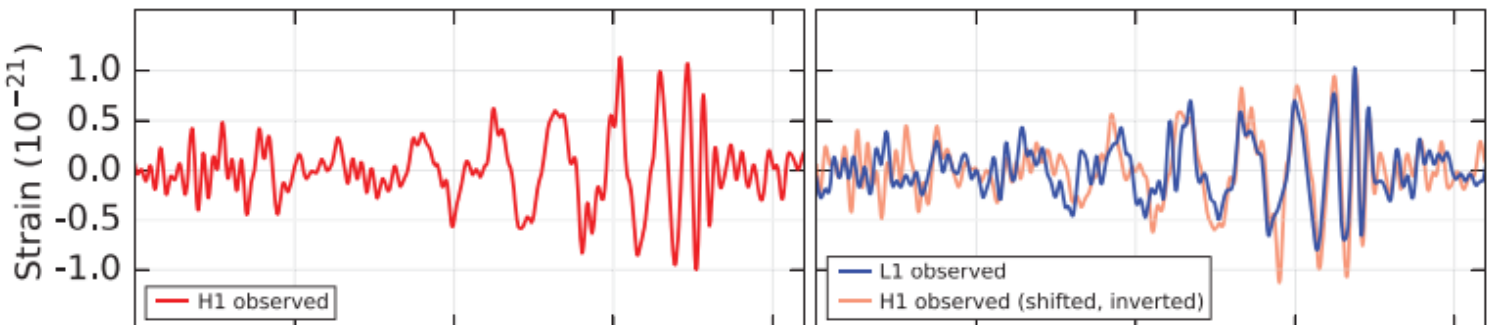


# LIGO Experiment



Hanford, Washington (H1)

Livingston, Louisiana (L1)







**“Novel Prize” website**

**Dissertation named “Observation of Gravitational  
Waves from a Binary Black Hole Merger”**