## An Ultrasensitive Bacterial Motor Revealed by Monitoring Signaling Proteins in Single Cells

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## Outline

Introduce the Bacterial Motor/Signaling protein

Breakdown Fluorescence Correlation Spectroscopy

Compare results/discuss implications



#### Introduction - Why care?

Biochemical networks are the CPU's of cell life

- Current understanding of these networks relies mainly on data collected from cell populations
- This study presents an experimental method to study such biochemical networks at the single-cell level



https://www.researchgate.net/figure/Linear-biochemical-network-of-nmolecules-with-intrinsic-parameter-fluctuation-1a-and\_fig1\_3481318

# E. coli

- Flagella can either rotate clockwise or counter clockwise
  - CW = tumbling, CCW = swimming smoothly
- Chemotactic signaling protein Chey-P is produced in response to outside stimuli
- Resulting motion leads E.coli away from danger



## **Objective and Methods**

- Observe the input-output relation between Chey-P and flagellar motion in a single E. coli
  - Record counter clockwise vs clockwise motion bias
- Control and measure Chey-P Concentration
  - Done with Fluorescence Correlation Spectroscopy (FCS)
- Compare these results to studies involving cell populations
  - Previously, Chey-P was ruled out as the signaling protein of CW bias due to weak correlation

#### FCS - Fluorescence

- Fluorescence is the emission of light by a substance that has absorbed EM radiation
- Green Fluorescent Protein (GFP) is used as our source of fluorescence



https://proteopedia.org/wiki/index.php/Green\_Fluorescent\_Protein



## **FCS** - Correlation

- General Autocorrelation function • With  $F(t) = \kappa Q \int d\mathbf{r} W(\mathbf{r}) C(\mathbf{r}, t)$ 
  - Q is the quantum yield
  - ▶ W(r) describes the observation volume
  - ► C(r,t) describes fluorophore concentration

For this study, 
$$G(t) = \frac{1}{N} \left[1 + \frac{4Dt}{\omega^2}\right]$$

- N is the number of molecules of GFP
- D is the diffusion constant
- ω= 0.3 micro meters









### Fluorescence Correlation Spectroscopy





Animation from https://www.zeiss.com/content/dam/Microscopy

#### **Experimental Setup**



- Green fluorescent protein needs to fuse with Chey-P
- The PS2001 strain of E. Coli lacks the Chey-P gene entirely
  - Plasmid pMGS98 (CMR) introduced to give a Chey-GFP expressing gene
  - Concentration of Chey-GFP is observed at the same time as flagella rotation bias
    - Inducer isopropyl-B-D-thigalactoside (IPTG) used to promote Chey-GFP

#### Results

- Strong correlation between CW bias and Chey-P concentration
- Hill coefficient of 10.3 ± 1.1
  - Previous studies found to have Hill coefficient between 3.5 - 5.5



#### **Comparison to Prior Studies**

#### Single Molecule vs Population based



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#### Conclusion

- A higher Hill coefficient indicates a stronger correlation between motion and Chey-P
- A strong correlation between chemotactic protein Chey-P and the rotational bias of flagella motors is shown
- > This study demonstrates the indispensable value of single-cell measurements

#### References

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